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Published every evening, except Sundays, by
GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY.
TERMS:
ne year, delivered in city by Carrier.....$9.00
hree months, if paid in advance..... 2.00
ne year by mail, in advance..... 3.00
Parts of year at same rate.

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THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

VOLUME 21 JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1878. NUMBER 299

SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE
Published every Tuesday and Friday, at $3.00 per year, in advance.

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PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY.
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Judicial Ticket.

For Associate Justices of Supreme Court—
DAVID TAYLOR, of Fond du Lac.
HARLOW S. ORTON, of Dane.

THE ANDERSON SENTENCE.

The consummation of villainy has at last been reached in the case of General Thomas C. Anderson, of the Returning Board. On Monday Judge Whitaker, whose past official career is blackened by fraud and the worst species of corruption, passed sentence upon Anderson, making his term in the penitentiary two years. This bundle of judicial pollution, has done his worst, and Anderson, arrested without having been properly indicted, refused a continuance of his case which he asked that he might prepare his testimony, tried by a prejudiced and Democratic jury which swore they were prejudiced, convicted against law and evidence, and sentenced by a corrupt judge, is compelled to march to the penitentiary with those whose hands are stained with innocent blood. A suspension appeal was granted until Wednesday, but the only hope which can now be entertained in behalf of Anderson, is that Governor Nicholls will exercise the pardoning prerogative; and yet it seems almost impossible to hope for the least amount of justice from any Democratic official in Louisiana. We are now reaping the fruits of "conciliation" and bitter fruit it is. For mercy shown the leaders in Louisiana, we get in exchange the most damnable and wicked judicial persecution ever known in this country. It is unworthy the character of the government, and is a disgrace to our enlightenment. If Anderson had been proven guilty of participating in any fraud connected with the election returns in 1876, no objection could be made against his conviction and sentence, and none would have been made by the Republican party. But from beginning to end, his trial has been a down-right prosecution growing out of a spirit of malace and hate. Under these circumstances an effort will be made to secure a pardon from Governor Nicholls. One of the planks upon which President Hayes based his Southern policy was a solemn promise from Governor Nicholls and the Legislature of Louisiana, that these prosecutions should stop, and that he (Nicholls) would use all the means in his power to stop outrages and persecutions growing out of the election troubles of 1876. So far, all these pledges have been broken, and it remains to be seen whether Governor Nicholls, in consideration of his being recognized as Governor, will make good his sacred promise in a moment when Justice demands her right.

THE COUNTY SYSTEM OF CARING FOR THE INSANE.

The Madison Democrat states that the bill introduced in the Senate by the Committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions, "is receiving considerable favorable comment, and may be the means of working out some reform in our system of caring for the insane, which system is well nigh intolerable." It is evident, judging from a growing public sentiment against the hospital enlargements, that the bills appropriating over a quarter of a million dollars for the extension of the two hospitals, will not pass. They are outrageous in their character, and to pass them would be a burning shame. The men who are engineering these bills have no sort of regard for economy, and therefore have impudence enough to work for their passage. But the taxpayers have good reason to hope that these schemes will be defeated. There is no hope for the bills. The people demand reform in these hospitals and especially in regard to their enlargements, and they will have it.

It is not certain that the county system will become a law. It has some excellent features, which we think, if tried, would prove very beneficial to the interest of the insane. We hope the Legislature will give the matter a thorough examination, and if there is any practicability in it, draw it out and utilize it. If it can be shown that under the provisions of the bill, the insane can be cared for as well as they can be at Oshkosh or at Madison, let the State try the system by all means. We have had enough of the broad gauge system, and if the State can save several hundred thousand dollars in two or three years and at the same time do justice to the unfortunate insane, by adopting the county bill, we say let it be done.

The Democrat closes its comments on the bill as follows: "The bills now before that body for enlarging these institutions call for appropriations approximating a half million dollars; and the bills for current expenses say a quarter of a million more. This may all be charity for the insane, but it isn't for the sane. If the bill in question is not considered a wise measure the legislature must then determine what additional room is necessary for the care of the insane and provide for the erection of comfortable, yet inexpensive additions to the present hospitals. This palace system of building must cease."

The Madison Democrat and the State Journal are having a little war on the Supreme Court Reports question. The Journal does the printing for Callaghan & Co., and of course favors their scheme of furnishing the reports. The recent discussion of this subject has opened the eyes of the people, and at a late day they have learned that they have been imposed upon by the publishers of the reports of the Supreme Court. They propose now to get the work done at a vastly reduced price. Probably no one particularly is to blame for the high price which has been charged for the reports. Those engaged in printing and publishing the reports, were determined to make all they could out of the contract, and have done well so far as their interests are concerned. The people will now take a hand in it for justice and economy sake.

An interesting bit of romance comes from California concerning Henry W. Larkins, of that State, who two years ago had an income of $2,500 per month. He occupied a fine mansion and lived in magnificent style. To-day he is shattered in health, destitute of means and hopelessly ruined. The San Francisco Chronicle claims to have discovered that the principal cause is one Mrs. Addie Marsh, wife of a short-hand reporter, who is said to have been gradually poisoning the unfortunate man to death with doses of aconite; that since destroying his mental faculties she has succeeded in getting possession of the greater part of his property, and in squandering the rest in stock speculations.

It seems that Grant is determined not to allow the lamented Sumner to rest in peace. At Cairo, in Egypt, he takes an opportunity to stir up the old controversy, which is no credit to the ex-President. Grant's prejudice against Sumner is carrying him too far in this matter. The records of the Senate prove that Grant has not heretofore stated facts regarding the action of Charles Sumner, and if the General has any regard for the cherished memory of the dead, he should be content to let the controversy drop.

There is a bill before the House of Representatives—introduced by a Democrat—to give the notorious Dr. Mudd, of Maryland, $3,000 for aiding cholera sufferers at the Dry Tortugas. Dr. Mudd was the surgeon who set the leg of John Wilkes Booth, and who was sent to Dry Tortugas for it. He also is the person who proposed to carry contagious diseases to Northern cities during the war for the purpose of devastation.

Kentucky is one of the strongest footholds for the Democracy in the United States, and under the "reforming" influences" of that party one might suppose things would not be so bad in that State, but the Louisville Courier-Journal says: "Let us have a hundred hangings in this State, if necessary, this year. The crime record of 1877 was shameful and disgraceful to Kentucky."

The health of Vice President Wheeler is so much impaired that he is compelled to take a vacation for a few weeks. In his absence it will be necessary for the Senate to elect a President pro tempore, and Senator Ferry, of Michigan, will probably be chosen, receiving a few more votes than Senator Thurman, the nominee of the Democrats.

Circumstances alter cases with Pope Leo. When a Cardinal he was liberal and became very popular. Now that he is Pope he has lost sight of Pecci, and Pecci as Cardinal and Leo as Pope, are entirely different persons so far as their views are concerned. In fact, the indications are that Leo will disappoint the liberal element in the church.

We publish in this issue the very excellent speech of Mr. Williams delivered in the House of Representatives, on Wednesday the 20th. It any one desires some valuable information about the case of Acklen vs. Darrall, they will be interested in reading what Mr. Williams has to say on the subject.

Hon. R. W. Taylor, First Comptroller of the Treasury, died at Washington yesterday of paralysis with which he was stricken early in the morning. Mr. Taylor proved a very efficient officer, and had filled that important position since the early part of Mr. Lincoln's administration.

A resolution was offered in the Senate this morning that general business be closed up during the first week in March, and that an adjournment take place till the 16th of April, that the committee on revision may have time to examine and report on the condition of the statutes.

Inasmuch as Packard was cheated out of the Louisiana Governorship, his friends in the North as well as those in the South, are urging the President to give him the New Orleans Collectorship. Probably the President will reserve that office for some friend of Judge Whitaker.

On the subject of Rande, the murderer, the Chicago Journal says: "The Times thinks the next Governor of Illinois will pardon Rande." Should he do so, "the next Governor of Illinois" would deserve to be sent to the penitentiary to fill the vacancy."

A motion to transfer the cases of Governor Wells, Kenner and Casanave, of the Returning Board, to the United States court, was filed on Monday, and will be heard on Wednesday, March 6th.

The insurance men in Milwaukee are uneasy about the bills before the Legislature taxing the business of life insurance, and are sending remonstrances against their passage.

The condition of Hon. Ben Wade is very critical, and yesterday his recovery was regarded as doubtful.

We refer those interested in the late judicial nominations, to an article elsewhere on that subject.

WADE'S CONDITION.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 25—Ex-Senator Wade has been growing steadily weaker since Saturday. His recovery is considered very doubtful.

THE NEWS.

The Sentence of General Anderson, at New Orleans.

Speculations Regarding the Action of the President on the Silver Question.

Probabilities that the Turks Have Signed the Treaty of Peace.

Further Particulars Concerning the West Point Murder.

Fatal Railroad Accident Near Richmond, Virginia.

Miscellaneous News Items from all Parts of the Country.

THE SILVER BILL.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 25.—The Silver bill was delivered to the President this afternoon by Representative Kenna, of West Virginia, member of the committee on enrolled bills.

ON A SPREE.

Milwaukee, Feb. 25.—A woman named Margaret McShane got on a spree a day or two ago, and left her infant to starve to death in her filthy hovel on State street. On arrest for infanticide this evening she was still so intoxicated that she could scarcely move.

BURIED ALIVE.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb.—25.—At Lake City, at 2 p. m., J. F. Hall was buried in a well which he was curbing. Every possible exertion was made to dig him out, but at 7 this evening his body had not been recovered. He leaves a wife and family of grown-up sons and daughters.

MORTUARY.

A Military Funeral at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Leavenworth, Feb. 25.—Maj. David Taylor, late Paymaster U. S. A., was buried yesterday at Fort Leavenworth with military honors. The following was the order of march to the cemetery: Band, escort, caisson with six pall-bearers, troops in full uniform with side arms, staff and line officers, civilians on foot, carriages, ambulances, etc.

SUICIDE.

Millard Wright, of Tecumseh, Shoots Himself Through the Head.

Adrian, Mich., Feb. 25.—Saturday evening Millard Wright, recently employed as traveling agent by a Jackson firm, shot himself through the head at his home in Tecumseh, this county. The act was induced by morbid grief at the death of a favorite sister, who suicided with strychnine on the evening of Dec. 28. The suicidal tendency seems hereditary, as Wright's grandfather and two other relatives have taken their own lives.

TEMPERANCE.

LaSalle, Feb. 25.—A large mass meeting of the friends of temperance was held at the Methodist Episcopal Church in this city last evening, and addressed by Messrs. Murphy and Mason, of Joliet. The red ribbon will be inaugurated on Wednesday evening next by Dr. Whitney, whose labors have been attended with immense success in all other parts of LaSalle county. The city is one of the strongholds of intemperance, but it is believed by many that a great revolution will be wrought here.

DROWNED.

Mrs. John Snyder, of Kenosha, Aged 80, Found Drowned in a Well.

Kenosha, Wis., Feb. 25.—This morning Mrs. John Snyder, who lived upon the State line road, just south of here, was found drowned in a well. Mrs. Snyder was nearly eighty years of age, and had of late been suffering from a severe cold, and was at the time of her death in very low spirits. She got up in the middle of the night on Sunday, and twisting a rope around her wrist, lowered herself into the well. She was not found until 9 o'clock this morning.

ACCIDENT.

Near Richmond, Virginia—One Man Killed—Four Maimed for Life.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 25—In the railroad accident last night on the Richmond & Fredericksburg Railroad, W. C. Mainwaring, of Baltimore, was killed; Fred K. Faulkner, of Richmond, had a leg amputated below the knee; L. G. Donnelly, of Charleston, W. Va., had both legs crushed and amputated; and John W. Aldridge, of Fredericksburg, injuries not known. No others were seriously hurt. Mainwaring was private secretary of President Robinson, of the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac Railroad Company. The accident was caused by the sleeping-coaches becoming detached in a down grade.

ANDERSON.

His Sentence—Probabilities of a Pardon—Packard on the Administration.

Washington, Feb. 26—General Anderson's sentence in New Orleans having been pronounced, it is too late for President Hayes to interfere in his behalf, even if he ever had any intention of interfering, as was represented. It is sincerely believed in administration circles that Nicholls will grant a pardon. The confidential agent of the President, now in New Orleans, has made some report upon which that belief if based, and it is further believed that the State Senate will confirm the pardon, but nearly every one who has not this confidential information to go upon do not credit Nicholls' supposed intentions.

Governor Packard's friends say that he thinks the President will suffer remorse before he gets through with this for his treatment of Packard; that he will find that there is not so much dependence to be placed upon Southern honor as he supposed, and if Nicholl's pardons Anderson, Hayes will be under the greatest obligations to him for relieving Hayes of a serious embarrassment. If Nicholls does not pardon him, Anderson's imprisonment for the crime of having made Hayes President will also cause him a serious embarrassment, especially as the President has failed in any way to express his disaproval of the prosecution. One week ago to-morrow the President told Congressman Ellis he had great faith in the honor of Louisiana Democrats. Packard says he wishes the President had as much faith in the Louisiana Republicans.

PEACE.

Probability that Turkey has Signed the Treaty—England Looking Out for No. 1.

London, Feb. 25.—It is expected peace will be signed to-day, the Turks accepting all the conditions except two—those about the immediate surrender of the iron-clads and the payment to Russia of 10,000,000 of rubles in cash, and £40,000,000 in bonds.

London, Feb. 26—5 a. m.—In the House of Lords, Lord Stratheden and Campbell introduced a motion similarly to the one he was to have offered last Monday evening, but which, on an appeal of Lord Derby, he did not bring up, as the government declared that it could not then discuss the subject. The motion is in substance that, in the opinion of the House, the conditions proposed by Russia to the Porte are such as to justify her Majesty's Government in taking every precaution to discourage encroachments by which the treaties of 1856 and 1871 are threatened. In the course of the debate which followed, Lord Derby spoke in decided terms concerning Russia's demand that the Egyptian tribute shall be pledged for the payment of indemnity bonds. He said it might turn out that British interests would be very much involved in any claim for payment of part of the indemnity from that tribute.

THE VETO.

What the President Will Probably Do with the Silver Bill.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Senators Ferry, Plumb, and others, who have visited the President to urge him to sign the silver bill, are confident that he will veto it. They and others have urged upon him that it would become a law, veto or no veto, and that his opposition would increase his unpopularity in the West. Besides, they have argued that his veto of this bill, if it is sustained by Congress, will reopen the subject to the disadvantage of public business, and will prolong the financial depression, and result, perhaps, in the passage of a bill that will contain worse features. The President received their advice kindly, but said nothing of a positive character, although he left the impression that he would veto the bill.

WILL NOT INTERFERE.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 25—Governor Phelps to-day gave notice that he would not interfere in the execution of Richard M. Green, who murdered Marshal Hughes of Jackson county, in the performance of his duty. Green is to be hanged on Friday next, March 1. A party of influential citizens went to Jefferson City to-day to ask a respite.

WEST POINT MURDER.

Garrison's N. Y., Feb. 25—The victim in the West Point shooting affair was Peter Albers, and his murderer, Michael Tobin. The murder is attributed to jealousy. Tobin, believing that Albers had been intimate with a woman the former lived with, crept up to Albers in the barracks and shot him through the head. Both were enlisted men, and privates in company E. Corps of Engineers. Tobin is in the guard-house.

Lincoln and Chancellorsville.

From Scribner for March.

Visiting the army when Hooker was preparing for his assault, the President said, "If you get to Richmond, General—" and Hooker interrupted him with, "Excuse me, Mr. President, but there is no 'if' in the case. I am going straight to Richmond if I live." Later in the day Lincoln said mournfully of this confidence of Hooker's: "It is about the worst thing I have seen since I have been down here." And this was the scene at the White House when the news of Chancellorsville came: "A door opened and Lincoln appeared, holding an open telegram in his hand. The sight of his face and figure was frightful. He seemed stricken with death. Almost tottering to a chair, he sat down, and then I mechanically noticed that his face was of the same color as the wall behind him—not pale, nor sallow, but gray like ashes. Extending the dispatch to me, he said with a sort of far off-voice. 'Read it—news from the army.' It was very brief, simply saying that the army of the Potomac had 'safely' recrossed the Rappahannock, and was now at its old position on the north bank of that stream. The President's friend, Dr. Hersey, burst into tears. The President regarded the old man for an instant with dry eyes, and said. 'What will the country say? Oh, what will the country say?'" This was he way Abraham Lincoln bore the anguish of the nation.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.* sep17deodwly

German Syrup.

No other medicine in the world was ever given such a test of its curative qualities as Boschee's German Syrup. In three years two million four hundred thousand small bottles of this medicine were distributed *free of charge* by druggists in this country to those afflicted with Consumption, Asthma, Croup, severe Coughs, Pneumonia and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, giving the American people undeniable proof that German Syrup will cure them. The result has been that druggists in every town and village in the United States are recommending it to their customers. Go to your druggist, and ask what thay know about it. Sample Bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Three doses will relieve any case.
dec1deod-weow6m

Ladies and Gents' will always find the nicest and cheapest Box and Staple Stationery in the city and Sutherland's Bookstore, No 29 Main street. '76mar20daw

LEGISLATURE.

Concluding Report of the Statute Revisors.

A Senate Resolution for a Short Recess.

Several Memorials, and Bills Pass Both Houses.

FROM MADISON.

Special dispatch to the Janesville Gazette.
MADISON, Feb. 26.

SENATE.

The statute revisors presented their concluding reports.

A resolution was introduced providing for the finishing up of general business and adjourning from the first week in March to the sixteenth of April, meanwhile the joint committee to sit upon the revision and embody therein the enactments of this winter, after the adjourned session no business to be transacted but the consideration of the revision. The resolution was made the special order for Thursday morning.

A memorial to Congress was passed favoring the graduated income tax.

Bills were passed allowing wives to release their dowers on certain cases.

A bill was killed providing for the punishment of common law offense of champerty.

ASSEMBLY.

A memorial to Congress passed praying for light house at Kewaunee.

A resolution passed endorsing silver resumption.

The special order was a joint resolution favoring biennial sessions of the Legislature, and after extended speeches, adjourned without action.

Madison, Feb. 25.—Both houses had sessions to-night. In the Senate, a bill was introduced for the purchase of the cabinet, library, etc., of the late Moses Strong, State Geologist, which passed.

Bills were also introduced, for the more efficient government of the Insane Hospital; relative to the opening of streets in La Crosse.

In the Assembly, a petition from prominent military men for a more perfect organization of the State militia was presented.

THE NOMINATION FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICES.

The legislative judicial nominations just made are objectionable for many reasons, particularly for the manner, in which made, and the influences brought to bear to effect such nomination. The way in which the nominations were brought into existence has a strong tendency to establish a troublesome precedent; the parties making the same assuming the position of a nominating convention or body, without the authority of any constituency, having the legal right under the law to elect. The people but a few years since divested the legislature and the members thereof, as such, of all participation and standing in filling these positions, and assumed and took to themselves all power and authority in the premises, believing, I have no doubt, it to be safer and better that the judicial and legislative departments of the Government should be so far separated that one should have no influence over the other in their official acts. The objection is particularly noticeable and worthy of the strongest and most pronounced condemnation in this case, as the same body who framed and enacted the law under which these judges are to be elected, also in effect, and to all intents and purposes put in nomination for the people to support persons of their own choice for these high and responsible positions without consulting the people who are to deposit the ballot and exercise the God-given right of self government, and of calling upon and selecting suitable representatives to judge of and determine their personal and property rights and interest unfettered and unbiased by legislative, official or other influence whatsoever; and also that the nominee should in this regard be above suspicion. But how can this be when he is called into being under the very influence he is expected to withstand. All know too well of the baneful effects of official influence in governmental affairs and of its pervading tendencies, not to sleep when their rights are assailed, but take measures to guard against the dire influence. Not only the people but also the entire bar of the State were outraged by this self-constituted nominating body. The opportunity was too great and pressing for it to delay its action even for one day, till the State Bar Association had assembled for consultation and advisement on the subject of the judicial nominations. The opportunity to assume unauthorized powers was too great to be withstood, though strongly urged by some on grounds of expediency and courtesy to wait the assembling of the Bar Association, and to consult therewith as to an advisable course to be adopted in regard to the manner in which these judicial nominations should be effected. No. They had an excuse for action, and they would act, and did act regardless of all precedent or right. And the State Bar Association properly and wisely repudiated, in effect, the unwise action of this legislative conclave.

The duty of the people in the premises is plain. Conventions and primaries regardless of political party prejudices should be called, and nominations made for the positions by the people, of jurists of known and acknowledged ability, integrity and unassailable private habits and character; jurists who will bring to the bench legal learning, and add lustre thereto. The present Supreme Court of this State has ever held—and deservedly so—a high position among the courts of this country for the character and independence of its decisions, not only in controversies between individuals, but also where there were individual and corporate rights on the one side and Governmental rights and influences on the other. And we, as a community and people should insist that such position should be maintained.

COM.

To Justices of the Peace.

BLANKS for Justice's Return to County Board a new and convenient form.
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AMUSEMENTS.

Myers Opera House!

A GRAND CONCERT! Wednesday Eve'g February 27

—BY—

THE GREAT MORGAN G. EVANS TRIO! Clement Bros —AND— FORRESTER.

Assisted by the Distinguished PIANIST and ORGANIST

This will be one of the most

Popular Concerts

Ever given here, so

DON'T FAIL TO ATTEND.

Admission 35 cents; Gallery 25 cents; Reserved seats at Moseley's, 50 cents.
Doors open at 7. Concert at 8. td

MISCELLANEOUS.

Horse for Sale!

A finely built horse, eight years of age, weight 1100 lbs. Sound and in good condition.
Address, T. JUDD,
2-25d2d Box J, City.

FOR SALE

Corner of Court and Sinclair streets,

A New House, with Ten Rooms!

Barn and two lots. Price moderate, terms easy. Enquire of the subscriber. W. D. HASTINGS,
Executor of the estate of George Hastings.
Feb. 21, 1878. 2-23d2w

TO LET

From the first of April next, the premises occupied by the American Express Company, directly opposite the Postoffice, with a first class Bank Vault. Inquire of
WM. M. TALLMAN.
February 23, 1878. 2-23d1m

NEW

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF NOVELTIES IN GENTS' SILK NECKWEAR AND LINEN COLLARS.—ALSO NEW STYLES IN BUSINESS AND DRESS HATS, AT LOW PRICES.

OLD

WE HAVE A FEW PAIRS OF GLOVES, IN SEALSKIN AND BEAVER, AND SOME SEALSKIN CAPS, THAT WE WILL CLOSE AT LESS THAN N. Y. COST. ALSO 2 WOLF ROBES AND A FEW FINE OVERCOATS.

M. C. SMITH & SON.

Prices Reduced!

We will sell, until further notice, for cash, COAL and WOOD as follows:

COAL

Chestnut, per ton		$7 25
Range,	"	6 75
Egg,	"	6 50

WOOD

Green Maple, per cord		$6 00
Dry	"	5 75
Dry Oak	"	5 00

Delivered in any part of the city. For immediate delivery.
HOGOBOOM & ATWOOD,
2-15dtf LAWRENCE & ATWOOD.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

New Goods —AT— J. L. FORD'S.

19 West Milwaukee St., Janesville.

Latest Novelties —IN— Overcoatings, Suitings, Pants and Vests,

HATS and CAPS,

Trunks, Traveling Bags and Gents'

Furnishing Goods

SHIRT PATTERNS

CUT TO ORDER.
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GROCERIES, &C.

VIENNA!

The rapidly increasing sales of the VIENNA BREAD, at DENNISTON'S, is an acknowedgment of its excellence. It is the

Sweetest, Most Palatable & Nutritious

Bread made and is bound to supercede all other kinds. It is received daily,—the same day it is baked. 49 West Milwaukee St.
jan18d1y

Something that the Workingmen Should Know!

As well as all others who purchase Groceries and Provisions, that

VANKIRK,---the GROCER!

Is selling the best 50c New Crop Japan Tea in the city. All grades of Sugars at CHICAGO PRICES, freight added.

Finest English Breakfast and Oolong Tea	80
Finest Young Hyson Tea	1 00
Best 5lb Pie Peaches	25
" 3lb " "	15
" 3lb Table Yellow Peaches	18
" 2lb " "	12½
" 1 Gal. Canned Apples, preserved	40
" 3lb Canned Tomates	15
" Canned Corn	15
" Canned Beans	15
" " Cove Oysters	12½
" Dried Blackberries	10
" " Prunes	10
" California Peaches	12½
" " Raisins	12½
" Rio Coffee, ground and unground	25
" Old Government Java Coffee	30
" Fine Cut Tobacco	80
Very Choice "	60
Prime Spanish Smoking	40
6 Havana filled Cigars for	25
8 Choice Domestic Cigars for	25
Best Roll Butter	20
Butter in Jars	12½@15
Choice Potatoes per bushels	40

The Celebrated Diamond Brand Raw Oysters, per can 25

The above Oysters warranted the best in the city. All grades of Flour at Mill Prices. The largest and most complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries in the city to select from. Goods sold for CASH and CASH ONLY, unless by agreement Goods delivered free of charge. Call and see me, and SAVE MONEY.
Yours, Respectfully,
aprdawtf W. T. VANKIRK.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE ELECTRIC PEN.



1,000 to 15,000 copies from a single written stencil. The cheapest, quickest and best method of producing circulars, price lists, maps, drawings, music, blanks, etc. Every live business firm, corporation, bank, school, church and mothers, can save time and money by using it. A new business in every town for a good penman. 5,000 in use and the demand increasing.
READ THIS! ILLINOIS STATE PENITENTIARY, Joliet, Nov. 24, 1877. The Electric Pen outfit, purchased from you, September 25, gives great satisfaction. We have saved in printing considerably more than the cost of the outfit in less than two months, and can cordially recommend it to any party who wishes to save money in the same way. R. W. McCLOUGHRY, Warden.
We have hundreds of voluntary endorsements equally strong as the above. Special inducements will be offered to agents applying within sixty days. Send for circulars and samples of work. GEO. H. BLISS, General Manager,
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John H. Wingate,

(Successor to B. P. SMITH,)
No. 39 West Milwaukee Street,
Opposite Corn Exchange,
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French and Bohemian Glassware, Chandeliers, Lamps, Kerosene Goods, Cutlery, Rogers' Silver Plated Ware, Baby Carriages, Bird Cages, Baskets, Mats, Wooden Ware, Kitchen Goods, &c., &c.

Fine Imported Chamber Sets,

Water Sets, Toilet Sets and Smoking Sets always on hand. Large stock of

FANCY GOODS!

—FOR THE—

HOLIDAYS!

Which will be closed out regardless of cost.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers

Water Coolers and the celebrated Blanchard Churns in stock at all times. Sole Agent in the city for the Rhind Patent Safety Lamp."
My aim will be to keep a model Crockery and House Furnishing Store, and sell goods cheap.
Thanking my friends and the public generally for their kindness and patronage in the past, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same in my new business. JOHN H. WINGATE.
39 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.
dec17dawly

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1878.

ACKLEN VS. DARRALL.

The Consideration of the Contested Election Case in the House of Representatives—The Able Speech of Hon. C. G. Williams.

On Wednesday, the 20th, the House of Representatives having under consideration the contested election case of Acklen vs. Darrall, of Louisiana, Mr. Williams, of Wisconsin, said:

MR. SPEAKER: This election was held on the 7th of November, 1876. The Returning Board established by law, whose function it was to canvass and certify the result, complied with its legal and constitutional duty. That Board returned for Mr. Darrall 15,626 votes, for Mr. Acklen 13,583 votes; electing Mr. Darrall by 2,093 majority. It was the clear legal right of the voter when he cast his ballot to have that ballot canvassed and reported by the legally-constituted authority ordained for that purpose, which both parties accepted and voluntarily went into the election. In defiance of such rights, when the Nicholls government came into power, a Legislature depending for its own validity upon the certificates of this self-same Returning Board passed a law organizing a new Returning Board, and ordering a recanvass of these returns. In compliance with such order the Nicholls Returning Board recanvassed the returns and reported 15,786 votes for Mr. Darrall and 14,692 for Mr. Acklen, still electing Mr. Darrall by a majority of 1,094 votes. Upon all the principles which constitute the security and safeguard thrown around the ballot box in this country, there the right was established, and on that right the seat in this body was accorded to the contestee.

By a statute of Louisiana, after the commissioners at each poll have counted the vote, they are required to replace the ballots in the ballot boxes, carefully sealed, and deliver them to the clerk of the district court, who is to retain them "until the next term of the district or criminal court." The certificate of such clerk contained in the papers in this case certifies that such term was held on the "2d day of January, 1877." On the 6th of March, 1877, four months after the election and ten months after all responsibility on the part of the clerk had ceased, by the order of this same clerk, who in the mean time had been promoted to a parish judge, a commission of experts appointed by said judge proceeded to open the boxes and recount the ballots, by virtue of which recount contestant claims the seat.

Now taking all the parishes about which there is no dispute, except the parish of Saint Martin's, and taking the stipulation in regard to Saint Martin's, signed by both parties, and the undisputed count stands as follows: Mr. Darrall, in undisputed parishes, 12,621; in Saint Martin's, 1,095; in the undisputed polls of Iberville, 941; and the aggregate vote for Mr. Darrall is 14,657. Mr. Acklen on the same basis has in undisputed, 12,666; in Saint Martin's 1,028; in the undisputed polls of Iberville, 798, an aggregate of 14,049 votes; still electing Mr. Darrall by 165 majority.

Now we come to the recount, and the challenge can be successfully made that no case can be found on record where a regular official canvass has been overturned by a recount of the ballots. So if in this case the contestant shall be seated it must stand as a new departure and precedent by itself. The law of the case admitted on all sides is that before any recount can be allowed to have any force or effect whatever, the ballot-boxes must be shown conclusively, even beyond a reasonable doubt, to be the identical boxes and the ballots they contain the identical ballots canvassed and deposited therein by the commissioners of elections or officials of whom the boxes were sealed and delivered. If these conditions were complied with and the result was valid then Acklen's majority over Darrall is 342.

Here a Mr. Wharton appears on the scene. He was a candidate for the State Senate of Louisiana on the Republican ticket at this election. He says he had some doubt whether Mr. Darrall would support him or not; and for his own security he concocted the scheme of placing Acklen's name upon straight Republican tickets in the parish of Iberville, in the hope that it would not be discovered and that thereby Acklen would be elected over Darrall. In pursuance of that purpose he went to New Orleans and procured several thousand ballots to be printed in the form of the regular Republican ticket with Acklen's name in place of Darrall's. And he claims that he got these tickets into the hands of the voters; that they were voted; that the officials of the election did not discover the cheat in canvassing the ballots, and that these ballots found in the boxes in March elect Acklen over Darrall.

Now in this parish of Iberville there were three commissioners of election and two supervisors, making five election officers at each poll, of whom I believe two were Democrats and three Republicans. The parish or county committee had come together and agreed on the men for commissioners and supervisors, men who were recommended for their known character, integrity and intelligence. This was the character of the boards who were to examine these ballots when they should be cast. And it is somewhat remarkable that all these officials testify to the intelligence and integrity of each other regardless of partisan bias or political results. At the five disputed polls there were ten Democrats and fifteen Republicans of this class of officials who canvassed the votes, and they all testify that they did it as carefully as they could, opening the ballots, straightening them out, placing them in separate piles, carefully counting them. The entries show about one thousand of these ballots were delivered to a Mr. Davidson among some four thousand others. Davidson objected to taking them, and said if he wanted to beat a man, he preferred to do it openly. Wharton forced them on to him.

He finally took them, but he and his companion carefully sorted them out; left them in their room and burned them the next day. So none of these were found in the boxes on the following March. Wharton testifies to giving some to another person, but that person testifies that Wharton, becoming alarmed for some cause, rode up to the polling-place on the day of election and directed that they be not disturbed. So ended that. Now, if Wharton did get these ballots into the hands of friends, he and they knew whether they were voted. Yet, when the votes were counted no man in all the parish took interest enough in the matter to see whether those votes had gone into the ballot-box or not. Does any body acquainted with the proceedings at elections believe this? There were at each poll five election officers, two of them democrats; and the testimony shows that there were at least ten outside Democrats watching every one of these polls; they were Acklen's friends and supporters; yet not a single Republican vote with Acklen's name on it was discovered by any one of them. Any man who had undertaken to do this mean thing or getting republican voters to take these ballots with the intent to deceive them would have certainly watched for the result and ascertained whether the ballots went into the boxes or not. It is claimed that there was from 600 to 900 of these ballots in the boxes in March; and yet, through all the testimony, there is no evidence that but 2 were voted.

If there had been 600 would not somebody have known it? Certainly these ballots did not get into circulation and deposit themselves in the boxes. Somebody was interested in it. Somebody would have reported progress to Wharton. He and his friends would have known they were in the boxes and would have been on the alert to have had them counted when the polls were closed.

And especially when the recount was had by the Democratic board, when they had the whole matter in possession of their friends, why did they not raise the point then? Surely if they distributed these ballots and saw them voted they knew they were in the boxes. Why wait then nearly three months until the clerk, now a judge, who was a Republican, but voted for Acklen, ordered a recount. Was it known more certainly then than ever before that those ballots were in the boxes. The boxes were found in the clerk's office; some with the seals broken. Some were never sealed except with mucilage; of one, the keyhole was not sealed at all. The keys were lying about the clerk's office.

I have not the time in the few moments to which I am limited to read the law permitting a recount. Nor am I discussing the question as I intended because I am hurried whip and spur over the ground. I only desire to touch the salient points as well as I can.

Now finding these seals were broken and the law being that you must first determine before having a recount that the ballot-boxes are the identical boxes and the ballots they contain the identical ballots put into the boxes when they left the hands of the commissioners. The condition of the boxes must be accounted for in some way. There must be some explanation. How does this clerk explain it? Mr. Speaker, if I may be allowed the expression, this portion of the testimony is "mighty rich reading." He says that the office is damp. He says, "You can catch pneumonia or anything else there. [Laughter.]

A Member. It seems they caught 900 votes.

Mr. Williams, of Wisconsin. Yes, good clean votes not even soiled or crumpled by the handling! Reading of this infectuous feeling in that office I was reminded of an ironical remark which I heard Mr. Frederick Douglass make some years ago. He said he could never account for it; but somehow, whenever he got in sight of the Dome of the Capitol in Washington, he always felt as though he wanted to steal something. [Laughter.] There might have been the same sort of contagious feeling about the dampness in this office. [Laughter.] There must have been something acting upon somebody who wanted to steal into or steal out of those boxes. The way the dampness acted upon the boxes was most peculiar. It was the most discriminating mildew I ever heard of.

Now, just note, Mr. Speaker—and I am speaking strictly by the evidence—whenever it resolved, in the very intensity of its dampness, to break the seal of one of these boxes, it only broke the seal of those where Darrall had a majority. [Laughter.] It is an undisputed and indisputable fact in this case that when the mildew determined to smash a seal it was upon a box that showed a majority for Darrall, while it did not leave so much as a breath of dew on the seals where Acklen had a majority. [Laughter.] Such was the condition of these damp boxes, left in possession of this damp clerk, in this damp office, that if there be no other explanation, one would naturally conclude that this humid testimony makes a "demnition damp unpleasant body" of the contestant's case. [Laughter.]

It had to be accounted for in some way. The clerk said that he had an old feather duster, the feathers being knocked off of it, a sort of bald-headed concern. [Laughter.] With that duster he used to dust these boxes. But that was a strange duster, too! Although ever so carefully handled, when it struck one of the Darrall seals it knocked it into finders, but when it touched one of the Acklen seals it glided over it lightly and softly as the down on a lady's fan. [Laughter.]

This is the explanation or reason for the condition in which the boxes were found. My time is running, however, and in the time allowed me I cannot discuss the question as I should like. I will now show the House some rare curiosities if they will bear with me a moment. It is claimed that these ballots were counted in such a way that though from six to nine hundred of these fraudulent ballots were there, no one discovered them. Although fifteen or twenty Democrats, Acklen's friends and Wharton's cronies, were watching that count, yet no one discovered a Republican ticket with Acklen's name on it.

They say there were many mistakes. I should think so. Let us go through hastily.

Take poll No. 1 in Iberville Parish. I call the attention of the chairman of the committee [Mr. Harris, of Virginia] to this case, as he says he did not intend to be influenced by partisan feeling. Let us see what awful mistakes were made. In the first count the canvassers gave Darrall 218 votes at poll 1. In the recount they gave him 139. There was a mistake at that poll of 79 votes. They gave Acklen 44 votes in the first count and in the recount 150. There was a mistake of 106 votes in his case.

Now, how many ballots were counted? Two hundred and sixty-two ballots, and five men of both parties doing their best, made one hundred and eighty-five mistakes. Now, you have got to find that fact in order to vote this man in on a case of fraud against justice and against equity.

Mr. Cobb. Will the gentleman allow me to state that that poll is not in controversy at all?

Mr. Williams, of Wisconsin. Ah! Well, then, let us look at poll 2. The first count gave Mr. Darrall 394 votes; the recount gave him 86. There was a mistake in his case of 308 votes. What does the gentleman say to that? Was that poll in dispute? The key-hole of the box at that poll was sealed over with mucilage. For Acklen, at the same poll, the first count gave 115; the second count gave him 340; there was a mistake of 224. There were 509 ballots counted by the commissioners, and according to gentlemen they made a mistake of 533—more mistakes than they counted ballots? What does the gentlemen from Indiana [Mr. Cobb] say to that? The gentleman, for whom I have the profoundest respect, simply responds with a sort of grim smile. [Laughter.]

At poll No. 5 the first count gave Darrall 207 votes; the recount gave him 79 votes; a mistake of 128 votes at that poll. The first vote gave Acklen 63 votes, the second count gave him 158 votes; a mistake of 95. There were there 270 ballots counted in all, and two hundred and twenty-three errors committed! Why these are mistakes, Mr. Speaker, which it would require an effort of genius to commit, and yet you are going to let this fraud succeed. You are going to establish it as a precedent. You are going to seat this man in the presence of such facts as these, and then you will talk about freedom from party predilection and partisan bias. At poll No. 6, the first count gave Mr. Darrall 301 votes; the second gave him 156 votes, a mistake of 145 votes; with these Democrats looking right on to see that all was fair and true. And the Republican commissioners and Republican supervisors and the Democratic commissioners and supervisors all testify under oath to the intelligence, integrity, and standing, of the members of the various canvassing boards. And yet they could not count 301 votes without making a mistake of one hundred and forty-five. At the same poll the first count gave Mr. Acklen 99 votes; the second gave him 228; a mistake again of 129 ballots. There were 400 ballots at that poll counted in all, and there was a mistake of two hundred and seventy-four in counting them.

At poll 7 the first count gave Darrall 187 votes, the second gave him 96, a mistake of 91. At that poll the first count gave Mr. Acklen 58 votes and the second gave him 79, a mistake of 21. The total number of ballots counted was 246, and there were seventy-two mistakes in all. Now somebody must explain how this was or how it could be. If this man Wharton knew these ballots went into the boxes, and if they did go in there, I repeat somebody about the polls must have known it. And why when he had the whole machinery of the election in Democratic hands, in the hands of Acklen's friends, why did he not present the case then and there and have it examined into and adjusted? This is a question, a satisfactory, or even plausible answer to which there is nothing in all this case to furnish.

He waits four months, waits two months after all responsibility for the safe-keeping of the boxes has ceased, waits till these boxes have been knocked about the office, waits until the seals are broken, waits until the keys can be left anywhere, then having something to inspire and move him he institutes an investigation and calls for a recount, and ballots are found simply folded, not having the appearance of having been handled or voted; waits until somebody knows that the ballots are in the boxes sure and then insists on a recount.

[Here the hammer fell.]

Mr. Williams, of Wisconsin. I had intended to pay my humble compliments to the peroration of the gentleman from Louisiana, [Mr. Ellis.] If gentlemen from the South will constantly drag the events of the last ten years before the country it is about time that we of the North replied without hesitation, but of course I am cut off from doing so now.

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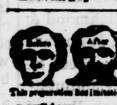
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L Rooms, 1st floor,	3.00
Rear Rooms, 1st, 2d and 3d floor,	3.00
Front Roms, 1st, 2d and 3d floor,	3.50

ARCADE—NEW PART—THIRD FLOOR.

Room,	3.00
Room with Bath,	3.50
Parlor and bedroom with bath, 1 person,	4.00
Parlor and bedroom with bath, 2 persons,	7.00

First and Second Floors.

Rear Room,	3.00
Rear Room with bath,	4.00
Rear Parlor and bedroom wish bath, 1 person,	4.50
Rear Parlor and bedroom with bath, 2 persons,	8.00
Front Room,	3.50
Front Room with bath,	4.50
Front Parlor and bedroom with bath, 1 person,	5.00
Front Parlor and bedroom with bath, 2 persons,	9.00

H. B. SHERMAN, Proprietor.

Silver & Gold!

MADE BY APPLYING TO

LOWELL & RIPLEY'S

Office, over Old Post Office, who will loan you money in sums of over $1,000 at 8 per cent. Sell your Farms and Houses, rent your property and collect rents, pay taxes and give you insurance in the

OLDEST AND LARGEST COMPANIES IN THE WORLD

AT THE LOWEST LIVING RATES.

GEO. G. SUTHERLAND, Attorney,
C. W. KIBBEE, Adjuster,

E. W. LOWELL,
MARA RIPLEY,
Insurance, Loan and Real Estate Agents.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CATARRH

NEVER-FAILING RELIEF

AFFORDED BY

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

IT is a fact that can be substantiated by the most respectable testimonials ever offered in favor of any proprietary medicine, that the RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH does in every case afford instant and permanent relief. No matter of how long standing, or how severe the disease, the first dose gives such evidence of its value in the treatment of Catarrhal affections that confidence is at once felt in its ability to do all that is claimed for it. The testimony of physicians, druggists, and patients is unanimous on this point, and the accumulating evidence is in point of respectability superior to any ever before obtained in favor of a popular remedy. The proprietors, therefore, may justly feel proud of the position this remedy has attained, and believe it worthy of its reputation.

10 YEARS A SUFFERER.

From Hon. Theo. P. Bogert, Bristol, R. I.

MESSRS. WEEKS & POTTER: *Gentlemen*,—Feeling thoroughly convinced of the efficacy of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH, I am induced to drop you a line to say that although I have been sceptical of all the nostrums advertised as "radical cures," I have never found anything that promises such relief and ultimate cure as that of SANFORD'S.

I have been afflicted with this dreadful disease for more than ten years, and not until recently could I be induced to persevere with any until I read the letter of Mr. HENRY WELLS, and can truthfully say that after using five or six bottles I am thoroughly convinced of its curative properties. Hoping that others similarly afflicted like myself will be induced to make the trial, I am, gentlemen, very truly, etc. THEO. P. BOGERT.

BRISTOL, R. I., July 24, 1877.

CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS,

Such as Sore, Weak, Inflamed, Red, and Watery Eyes: Ulceration and Inflammation of the Ear; Ringing Noises in the Head; Sore Throat; Elongation of the Uvula and Swelled Tonsils; Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Dizziness, Clouded Memory, Loss of Nervous Force, Depression of Spirits,—are all carefully and scientifically treated with this remedy according to directions which accompany each bottle, or will be mailed to any address on receipt of stamp.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, with full directions for use in all cases. Price $1.00. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

Affords the most grateful relief in Rheumatism, Weak Spine, Local Pains, Nervous Affections, Local Rheumatism, Tic Douloureux, Nervous Pain, Affections of the Kidneys, Fractured Ribs, Affections of the Chest, Colds and Coughs, Injuries of the Back, Strains and Bruises, Weak Back, Nervous Pain of the Bowels, Cramp in the Stomach and Limbs, Heart Affections, Enlarged Spleen, Bruises and Punctures, Rheumatism of the Wrists and Arms, Asthma, Gout, Local and Deep-seated Pains, Pain in the Chest, Stitch in the Back, Pain in the Hip, Varicose or Enlarged Veins, Crick in the Back and Neck, Pain and Weakness in Side and Back, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Lumbago, Whooping Cough, Sharp Pains in the Breast, Heart Disease, Quinsy, Diabetes, and for Lameness in any part of the Body.

Price, 25 Cents.

Ask for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER.

Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

B. B. ELDREDGE. O. H. FETHERS.

ELDREDGE & FETHERS

LAWYERS,

Smith & Jackman's Block.

JANESVILLE, - - - - - WISCONSIN.

Will practice in all the State and U. S. courts; buy and sell real estate; negotiate loans; and make collections. Correspondence invited.
jan8'78dawly

J. H. BALCH,

Justice of the Peace

Conveyancing Promptly Attended to
Agent Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. Co's Lands.

Office Gazette Block, Main Street, Janesville, Wis. Up Stairs. my17dawtf

H. H. BLANCHARD'S

Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.

Special attention given to collections, and to the foreclosure of mortgages. All business intrusted to his care promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Office on Main street, over M. G. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis. aug9dawly

GEO. H. McCAUSEY

SURGEON DENTIST

Office in Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee st, Janesville, Wis.
feb27dawly

Abstracts of Title

A. E. MORSE,

At the office of Register of Deeds.

Will furnish abstracts of title to any lands in Rock county at reasonable rates; buy and sell real estate; pay taxes and negotiate loans.
nov1dawtf

Dr. M. A. NEWMAN,

Dental Surgeon,

Office in Smith & Jackman's block, opposite the postoffice, Janesville. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Administers nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth. sep5dawly

J. B. CASSODAY. ED. F. CARPENTER.

Cassoday & Carpenter.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Office, corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Lappin's block, JANESVILLE, WIS.
jan3daw

M. M. PHELPS,

Attorney - at - Law.

Collections made, loans negotiated mortgages foreclosed.

Office, Lappin's block, cor. Main and Milwaukee streets. jan31'76dawly

MISCELLANEOUS.

BURT'S SHOES!

THEY ARE THE BEST.

ASK YOUR DEALER for THEM.
nov7dly

Lilly, Young, Pratt and Brackett's

Famous Hand and Machine Sewed

SHOES!

At SMITH'S OLD STAND.
dec12dtf

F. A. BENNETT'S

MARBLE WORKS

East of Corn Exchange, Janesville, Wis.

Monuments and Tombstones,

At Cost of Material and Day Wages for Finishing
nov23dawly

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1878.

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Trains at Janesville station.

-ARRIVE-

From Monroe	8:53 a m
From Prairie du Chien	1:45 p m
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	5:05 p m
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:43 p m
From Monroe (Freight.)	4:30 a m

-DEPART-

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:53 a m
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	12:30 p m
For Madison, Prairie du Chien, St. Paul.	4:00 p m
For Monroe	7:43 p m
For Monroe (Freight.)	4:40 a m

WM. B. NOYES, Agent.
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

Chicago & Northwestern R. R.

Trains at Janesville Station.

Going North—	Arrive	Depart.
Day Express	1:30 p. m.	1:35 p. m.
Fond du Lac passenger.	8:50 p. m.	8:55 p. m.
Going South—	Arrive	Depart
Day Express	2:45 p. m.	2:48 p. m.
Fon du Lac passenger.	6:55 a. m.	7:00 a. m.

M. HUGHETT, Gen'l Supt.
W. H. STENNETT, General Passenger Agent.
jan30dtjan1'78

Post-Office.--Winter Time Table.

The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Chicago and Way	1:40 p. m.
Chicago Through, Night via Milton and Watertown Junctions	7:00 a. m.
Green Bay and Way	2:50 p. m.
Monroe and Way	7:50 a. m.
Madison and Way	1:50 p. m.
Milwaukee and Way	5:10 p. m.
Centre and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by	12:00 m.
Emerald Grove, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by	12:00 m.
East Troy, via Johnstown, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays by	6:00 p. m.

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Chicago Through, Night via Milton Junction also Milton	8:00 p. m.
Chicago and Way	2:30 p. m.
All points East, West and South of Chicago	2:30 p. m.
All points East, West and South of Chicago via Milton Junction	8:00 p. m
Green Bay and Way, including Minnesota, Northern Michigan and Northern Iowa	1:10 p. m.
Milwaukee and Way	11:35 a. m.
West, Madison, via M. & P. du C. R. W., including Northern Iowa	3:30 p. m.
Monroe, Brodhead and Way	7:15 p. m
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport and Way	2:30 p. m.

OVER-LAND MAILS CLOSE.

Center and Leyden, Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at	2:00 p. m.
East Troy, via Rock Prairie, Johnstown Richmond, &c., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at	7:00 a. m
Emerald Grove and Fairfield, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at	2:00 p. m.

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Daily from 8:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m. On Sundays from 12:00 to 1:00 p. m. Money Order and Registered Letter Department open from 8:00 a. m. to 12:00 m., and from 1:00 to 5:00 p. m., except during the distribution of the mails. Stamps, stamped envelopes, postal cards and Wrappers for sale at East front wicket from 8 a m to 8 p m. Orders for stamped envelopes with return card printed thereon, should be left at the Money order Department

The time advertised for closing the mails herewith will be strictly adhered to.

H. A. PATTERSON, P. M.

IN MEMORIAM.

TO REV. W. G.

'Tis meet, when noble spirits pass across the flood,
Those who have labored here for good,
That we should kindly tribute pay,
As lit by love's supernal ray,
It sheds around its sweet perfume,
To rest in haloes o'er the tomb.
Four score and more his spirit
Braved the storms and toils of earth;
He loved the right, and nobly wrought
In Freedom's cause.—
Seeking not wealth or world's applause;
Loving the right,
He dared to wield its pen,
One of America's truest, noblest, men,
He ever sought to break the oppressors' bonds,
To lift the gloomy clouds of night
That barred immortal souls,
From heaven born rights.
From passions' bans, he sternly stood aloof,
A life untrammelled, gives this proof.
It fellow mortals groped in error,
He sought to lift them up;
His willing hands dashed to earth
The poisoned cup.

Think not his spirit sleeps,
On nobler heights he stands,
He watchful vigil keeps,
With angels joining hands.

The years shall come and go,
His banner planted there
Through time's unceasing flow,
Shall float upon the air.

Untrammelled, there to wield
A power unknown to earth,
He throws around a shield
From his home in higher birth.

To memory ever dear,
Such noble spirits be;
Who labored without fear,
To strike the shackles free.

Z. M. CHURCH.

Talking to the Telephone.

When we begin to use a telephone for the first time, there is a sense of oddity, almost foolishness, in the experiment. The dignity of talking consists in having a listener, and there seems a kind of absurdity in addressing a piece of iron, but we must raise our respect for the metal, for it is anything but deaf. The diaphragm of the telephone, the thin iron plate, is as sensitive as the living tympanum to all the delicate refinements of sound. Nor does it depend upon the thinness of the metallic sheet for a piece of thick boiler-plate will take up and transmit the motions of the air particles in all grades of their subtilty. And not only will it do the same thing as the tympanum, but it will do vastly more; the gross, dead metal proves, in fact, to be a hundred times more alive than the living mechanism of speech and audition. This is no exaggeration. In quickness, in accuracy and even in grasp, there is a perfection of sensitive capacity in the metal, with which the organic instrument cannot compare. We speak of the proverbial "quickness of thought," but the telephone thinks quicker than the nervous mechanism. Let a word be pronounced for a person to repeat, and the telephone will hear and speak it a hundred miles away in a tenth part of the time that the listener would need to utter it, Give a man a series of half a dozen notes to repeat, and he cannot do it accurately to save his life; but the iron plate takes them up, transmits them to another plate hundreds of miles off, which sings them forth instantaneously with absolute precision. The human machine can hear, and reproduce, in its poor way, only a single series of notes, while the iron ear of the telephone will take up whole chords and trains of music, and, sending them by lightning through the wire, its iron tongue will emit them in perfect relations of harmony. —*Professor Youmans, in Popular Science Monthly for March.*

Washington Beggars.

"Fay," the interresting Washington correspondent of the Courier-Journal, says in a recent letter: "It is very inconsiderate in beggars to suppose that a lady can drop her train in the dirt while she fumbles at a pocket difficult to find, and extract therefrom pennies or tickets that the gamins may appease their hunger. But, seriously these beggar boys are a nuisance. Our streets are filled with such. Why do we never see girls begging? Don't they get hungry? I think it is because they have not yet become such wretched little impostors and Arabs as the boys, who are decidedly vicious, and beg more from rascality than want. I did drop my train not long since, and, in the cold biting wind, got out a handful of tickets and distribute them to only three boys. There were but three in sight when I put my hand in my pocket, but before I was through the very stones seemed to hatch boys, for they swarmed until there was nothing left to give. But his is only the dark side of life in this city where there are too many boys of all colors growing up in vice."

Pay Your Debts.

Clean hands in matters of money among the young, certainly ought to be the indispensable condition of gentlemanliness. No man who borrows and does not pay, and does not care whether he pays or not, is a gentleman, no matter how witty, or gay or fine he may be. To speak in good plain English, the man who dresses himself at another's expense, not knowing how to pay nor caring whether he pays, is a genteel scoundrel. And yet such things are done by good natured folk, by kind hearted people, by persons who never probe them morally to ascertain what their tendency is and what they lead to.

"Brethren," said the realistic parson, "when you put your contribution in the box, you may drop it gently from beneath your hand, so that the collector can't tell whether it's a dollar or a nickel, but you can't cheat the Lord."

MISCELLANEOUS.

VEGETINE.

HER OWN WORDS.

BALTIMORE, MD., Feb. 13, 1877.

MR. H. R. STEVENS.

Dear Sir,—Since several years I have got a sore and very painful foot. I had some physicians, but they couldn't cure me. Now I have heard of your vegetine from a lady who was sick for a long time, and became all well from your Vegetine, and I went and bought me one bottle of Vegetine; and after I had used one bottle, the pains left me, and it began to heal, and then I bought one other bottle, and so I take it yet. I thank God for this remedy and yourself; and wishing every sufferer may pay attention to it. It is a blessing for health.

MRS. C. KRABE,
638 West Baltimore Street.

VEGETINE

SAFE AND SURE.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

In 1872 your Vegetine was recommended to me, and, yielding to the persuasions of a friend, I consented to try it. At the time I was suffering from general debility and nervous prostration, superinduced by overwork and irregular habits. Its wonderful strengthening and curative properties seemed to affect my debilitated system from the first dose; and under its persistent use I rapidly recovered, gaining more than usual health and good feeling. Since then I have not hesitated to give Vegetine my most unqualified endorsement, as being a safe, sure and powerful agent in promoting health and restoring the wasted system to new life and energy. Vegetine is the only medicine I use; and as long as I live I never expect to find a better.

Yours truly,
W. H. CLARK, 120 Monterey Street,
Alleghany, Pennsylvania.

VEGETINE.

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE.

CHARLESTOWN.

MR. H. R. STEVENS.

Dear Sir—This is to certify that I have used your "Blood Preparation" in my family for several years, and think that for Scrofula or Cankerous Humors or Rheumatic affections it cannot be excelled; and as a blood purifier and spring medicine it is the best thing I have ever used, and I have used almost everything. I can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a medicine.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. A. A. DINSMORE, 19 Russell St.

VEGETINE.

WHAT IS NEEDED.

BOSTON, Feb, 13, 1871.

Mr. H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

Dear Sir—About one year ago I found myself in a feeble condition from general debility. Vegetine was strongly recommended to me by a friend who had been much benefitted by its use. I procured the article, and after using several bottles, was restored to health, and discontinued its use. I feel quite confident that there is no medicine superior to it for those complaints for which it is especially prepared, and would cheerfully recommend it to those who feel that they need something to restore them to perfect health.

Respectfully yours, U. L. PETTENGILL,
Firm of S. M. Pettengill & Co.,
No. 10 State St., Boston,

VEGETINE.

ALL HAVE OBTAINED RELIEF.

SOUTH BERWICK, ME., Jan. 17, 1872.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

Dear Sir—I have had dyspepsia in its worst form for the last ten years, and have taken hundreds of dollars' worth of medicines without any relief. In September last I commenced taking Vegetine, since which time my health has steadily improved. My food digests well, and I have gained fifteen pounds in flesh. There are several others in this place taking Vegetine, and all have obtained relief.

Yours truly,
THOMAS E. MOORE,
Overseer of Card Room, Portsmouth Co.'s Mills.

VEGETINE

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE

—HAS—

Visited Janesville

EIGHTEEN YEARS.

HAS met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all

Chronic Diseases

—OF THE—

THROAT,
LUNGS,
HEART,
STOMACH,
LIVER.

Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and blood affections of the urinary organs, gravel, scrofula, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, dyspepsia, &c.

Dr. Price's reputation has been acquired by candid, honest dealing and years of successful practice.

My practice not one of experiment, but founded on the laws of Nature, with years of experience and evidence to sustain it, does not tear down, make sick to make well; no harsh treatment, no trifling, no flattering. We know the cause and the remedy needed; no guess work, but knowledge gained by years of experience in the treatment of Chronic diseases exclusively; no encouragement without a prospect. Candid in our opinions, reasonable in our charges, claim not to know everything, or cure everybody, but do lay claim to reason and common sense. We invite the sick, no matter what their ailment, to call and investigate before they abandon hope, make interrogations and decide for yourselves; it will cost nothing as consultation is free. Visits made regularly.

—:o:—

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE

Can be consulted at JANESVILLE, MYERS HOUSE, Saturday and Sunday, the 2d and 3d of March, 1878.

Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waukegan, Ill., with stamp.
jan19dawtf

COUNTY COURT ROCK COUNTY.—In the matter of the estate of Edward McKey, deceased.

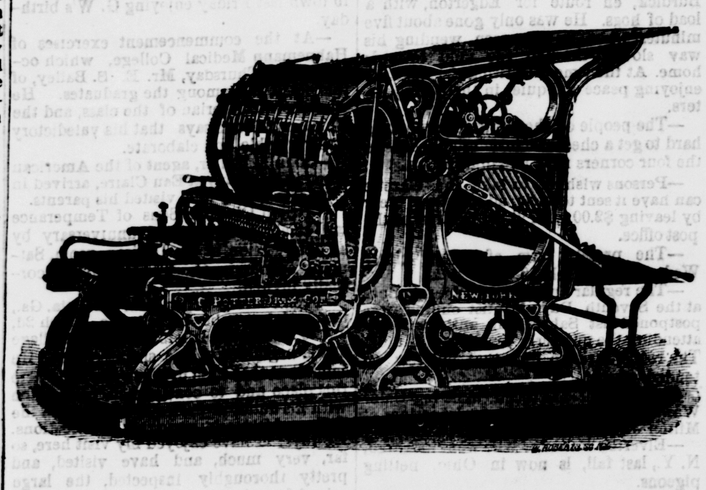
On reading and filing the petition of Henry Mc Key, one of the admistrators of the estate of said deceased, representing that they are prepared to settle their account, and praying that the same may be adjusted, and the usual order of assignment made, it is ordered that said account be passed upon and said order made, by this court, at the office of the Judge thereof, in the city of Janesville, in this county, on the 19th day of March next, at 9 o'clock a. m.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once each week for three successive weeks, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper published at said city.—Feb. 19th, 1878. By the court.

AMOS P. PRICHARD,
2-19doew3w County Judge.

THE

Janesville Gazette



Newspaper and Job Printing Establishment.

—:o:—

Various Extensive and Important Improvements

have recently been completed in the material of the office.

—:o:—

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

DAILY, SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY Editions,

has the reputation of being

The Best Paper in Southern Wisc'sin

AND IT ALSO

HAS A LARGER CIRCULATION

In addition to these recommendations the paper offers the advantages and attractions of being the largest and handsomest paper in the State. We invite the attention of everybody interested to these facts.

—:o:—

The Job Printing Office!

SPEAKS FOR ITSELF

Through one of the Very Finest and Best Printing Ever Done in the West.

The Material in Use is New and of the Latest Designs,

The Workmen Employed are Experienced and Competent

THE PRICES ARE ALWAYS REASONABLE

All Orders Promptly Attended to, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY,

Janesville, Wisconsin.

RAILROADS.

GRAND HAVEN ROUTE.

Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad

THE

SHORTEST, CHEAPEST,

And Quickest Route to the

EAST!

STEAMSAIPS LEAVE DAILY,
Saturdays excepted,

Milwaukee,	depart	7:30 p m
Grand Haven,	"	6:00 a m
Detroit,	arrive	12:10 p m
Niagara Falls,	"	8:25 p m
Buffalo,	"	8:30 p m
New York, sec. day	"	10:30 a m
Boston,	"	2:40 p m

State rooms free on Steamers.

Only one night on the cars between Milwaukee and New York, Boston and principal eastern cities.

SAVING $3.00!

In railroad, and $3.00 sleeping car fare, 100 miles in distance.

Tickets on sale at all principal ticket offices in the northwest, at Company's office, 395 Broadway, and at Dock office, adjoining Union Depot, Milwaukee. my30d5m

MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL

Railway.

On and after Monday, May 28th, trains will arrive and depart from this station as follows:

Trains Arrive.

From Monroe	8:53 a. m
From Prairie du Chien	1:45 p. m
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	5:05 p. m
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East	7:43 p. m
From Monroe, Freight	1:05 p. m

Trains Leave.

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	8:53 a. m
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East	12:30 p m
For Madison, Prairie du Chien and St. Paul	4:00 p. m
For Monroe	7:43 p. m
For Monroe, Freight	4:40 a. m

The 8:53 train arrives in Milwaukee at 12 a. m., and leaves for Janesville and Monroe at 4 p. m,

WM. B. NOYES,
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Agent.
General Pass. Agent. jan29dawtjan1'

UNIVERSAL PASSENGER ROUTE!

LAKE SHORE

—AND—

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN

Railway

—:o:—

The Only All Steel Rail

DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

—FOR—

New York, Boston,

—AND—

ALL EASTERN POINTS!

Without Ferriage or Transfer. Direct Connections at

BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS,

With the

New York Central and Erie Railways,

E. E. MORSE,
Gen'l Western Agt. Chicago.
WILLIAM J. DAVIS,
Ass't Gen'l Western Pass. Agt. Chicago.
jan25dtf

Great Central Route

The only Route East, via

NIAGARA FALLS.

Michigan Central

AND

Great Western

RAILWAYS

And Connections.

Through Pullman Cars to New York City without change.

Four Express Trains leave Chicago daily, except Sundays. Sunday Express leaves at 3:45 p. m, for

NIAGARA FALLS,
NEW YORK, BOSTON,
And all Eastern Points.

All trains upon this line are thoroughly equipped with elegant twelve wheeled passenger coaches, magnificent smokers' car and the celebrated

Pullman Palace Drawing Room Sleeping Cars.

The Pullman Cars run daily between Chicago and New York without change.

Trains connect at Grand Trunk Junction near Detroit, with the

Grand Trunk Railway,

For local points in Canada, New York and New England.

Passengers from Western Roads holding through tickets are transferred free of charge to Michigan Central depot in Chicago.

Through tickets can be purchased at all offices of connecting roads in the west. In Chicago, at the General office, where sleeping car accommodations can also be engaged.

HENRY C. WENTWORTH,
ja26dtf General Passenger Agent.

RAILROADS.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FORT WAYNE AND PENNSYLVANIA AIR LINE.

Continuous All-Rail Route!

No Change of Cars!

One Road, One Management!

FROM **Chicago** TO

Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, & New York

GREAT SHORT LINE

TO BOSTON!

Via New York City. Reaches all Points in Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS

On all Express Trains!

MAGNIFICENT CARS

EQUIPPED WITH THE CELEBRATED

WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKES

AND

Janney's New Patent Safety Platform and Coupler

Elegant Eating Houses

With Ample Time for Meals.

3 EXPRESS TRAINS Leave Chicago as follows:

8:00 A. M. SPECIAL FAST EXPRESS Except Sunday.

With the Popular Vestibule Sleeping Car.

Reaches Pittsburgh, 2:30 a. m.; Harrisburg, 11:45 a m; Philadelphia, 4:00 p m; New York, 6.45 p m; Boston, 6:15 a m; Baltimore, 6:30 p m; Washington, 9:00 p m, next day.

5:15 P. M. ATLANTIC EXPRESS (Daily)

With Drawing Room and Hotel Car

Reaches Pittsburgh, 12:15 p m; Harrisburg, 10:55 p m; Philadelphia, 3:35 a m; New York, 6:45 a m; Special Philadelphia Sleeping Car on this Train, which remains in depot until 7:30 a m, affording Philadelphia Passengers a full night's rest.

9:10 P. M Night Exp. Except Saturday

With Drawing Room Sleeping Car.

Reaches Pittsburgh, 7:30 p m; Harrisburg, 3:50 a m; Baltimore, 7:45 a m; Washington, 9:05 a m; Philadelphia, 8:00 a m; New York, 10:35 a m; Boston, 8:40 p m. Through Baltimore and Washington Sleeping Car on this Train.

Fare Always as Low as any Line.

Through tickets for sale at all Principal Points in the West. Ask for them via the FORT WAYNE & PENNSYLVANIA LINE

F. R. MYERS,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt., CHICAGO.
2-21daswly

C & N. W

LINES.

THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN R. W

Embraces under one management the Great Trunk Railway Lines of the WEST and NORTH-WEST and, with its numerous Branches and connections forms the shortest and quickest route between Chicago and all points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska California and the Western Territories. Its

Omaha and California Line

Is the shortest and best route between Chicago and all points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, California, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia. Its

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Is the short line between Chicago and all points in Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, and for Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the Great Northwest. Its

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Is the best route between Chicago and La Crosse, Winona, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, New Ulm, and all points in Southern and Central Minnesota. Its

Green Bay and Marquette Line

Is the only line between Chicago and Janesville, Watertown, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Escanaba, Negaunee, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock and the Lake Superior Country. Its

Freeport and Dubuque Line

Is the only route between Chicago and Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, and all points via Freeport. Its

Chicago and Milwaukee Line

Is the old Lake Shore Route, and is the only one passing between Chicago and Evanston, Lake Forest, Highland Park, Waukegan, Racine, Kenosha and Milwaukee.

Pullman Palace Drawing Room Cars

are run on all through trains of this road.

This is the ONLY LINE running these cars between Chicago and St. Paul and Minneapolis, Chicago and Milwaukee, Chicago and Winona, or Chicago and Green Bay.

Close connections are made at Chicago with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago, Kankakee Line and Pan Handle Routes, for all points EAST and SOUTH-EAST, and with the Chicago and Alton and Illinois Central for all points SOUTH.

Close connections are also made with the Union Pacific R R at Omaha for all far West points.

Close connections made at junction points with trains for all cross points.

Tickets over this route are sold by all Coupon Ticket Agents in the United States and Canadas.

Remember, you ask for your Tickets via the Chicago & North-Western Railway, and take none other.

New York Office, No 415 Broadway; Boston Office, No 5 State Street; Omaha Office, 245 Farnham Street; San Francisco Office, 2 New Montgomery Street; Chicago Ticket Offices, 62 Clark street under Sherman House; 75 Canal, corner Madison Street; Kinzie Street Depot, corner W Kinzie and Canal Streets; Wells Street Depot, corner Wells and Kinzie Streets.

For rates or information not attainable from your home ticket agents, apply to

W. H. STENNETT. MARVIN HUGHITT,
Gen. Pass. Ag't, Chicago Gen. Mang'r, Chicago.
jan20dsw-ewly

Choirs, Singing Schools, Societies

SHOULD USE

The Salutation $12.00 per dozen. OR **The Encore** $7.50 per dozen. OR **Perkins' Singing School** $6.75 per dozen OR **Johnson's Chorus Choir Instruction Book** $12.00 per doz

The first two are first class Church music books by L. O Emerson and W. O. Perkins, and have full instructive courses. The last are fitted especially for Singing Schools by the very best talent. Now for a spirited Winter and Spring Singing Class.

Also give new interest to the year's practice, by getting up one of our 40 CANTATAS, (send for circulars). Five of them are:

BELSHAZZAR,	Butterfield $1.25
DON MUNIO	Dudley Buck 1.50
JOSEPH'S BONDAGE	Chadwick 1.25
PRODIGAL SON	Sullivan 1.25
WALPURGIS NIGHT	Mendelssohn .80

Belshazzar and Joseph's Bondage are dramatized, and are splendid musical dramas.

Lyon & Healey, Chicago.
Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston
Chas. H. Ditson & Co., 843 B'dway, N York
J. E. Ditson & Co., 922 Chestnut St., Phila.
my30d wedasat 40wly

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1878.

CITY AND COUNTY.

BRIEFLETS.

—Last week of Feb.

—Too many street-corner loafers.

—Plenty of amusements and social doings.

—The city fathers gather in council to-night.

—The art section of the M. I. C. meets Friday night next.

—It's sunny enough where there are enough daddy dollars to be had.

—Miss Lottie Baxter, of Janesville is mentioned by the Rockford Register as visiting friends in that city.

—The Bower City Band is arranging to give its annual concert during the last week in March. The exact date will be duly announced.

—Several of the Sunday School workers are at Milton joining in the deliberations of the county convention that opened there this afternoon.

—J. H. David, of Kentucky, has sold to R. H. and John Stockman, one short horn bull, Hubback 2d, and one heifer calf, Fanchette, ten and fifteen months old respectively—price $250.

—The "Old Folks" of All Souls church are going to reduce their bill of fare after the fortnightly social to-morrow night to hominy and its relations, corn in all conditions, save in the liquid state.

—James Kay Applebee, of Sparta, lectures at All Souls church Saturday night on "The Merchant of Venice." Mr. Applebee is already known in the city and needs no words of commendation to secure a crowd.

—Collector Shearer, of the Fire Department, in his report of the amount of insurance taxes collected, made an error concerning the amount paid by A. M. Mowe. It should have been $58.04, instead of that given in the report.

—The lecture committee of the M. I. C. wish to announce that all home talent is offered on the dime basis, but imported talent at 25 cents admission. This will admit one to Applebee's masterly analysis and impersonation of the Merchant of Venice, next Saturday evening.

—Clement Bros. and A. M. Forrester will be at the Opera house to-morrow evening. The concert will be one of more than usual musical merit, and will be highly spiced with wit and fun without morality being in the least smutted. Such is the promised entertainment. The concert should be and doubtless will be liberally patronized.

—The Temple of Honor is actively engaged in making preparations for a musical and literary entertainment to be given one week from to-night in which Miss Lily Runals is to take a leading part. Miss Runals was so successful in her former appearance in connection with Mrs. Lyman, that there is no doubt but that the announcement of her coming will be greeted with delight. The programme will contain other attractive features.

—E. V. Whiton left this morning to canvass the State of Illinois in the interests of the new safety lamp manufactured by Smith & Harris, of this city. No more generous hearted boy ever trod the streets of Janesville than "Ed," and if gentlemanly deportment and honesty are elements of success, he is bound to win. Courage, my boy! Remember the cloud has a silver lining, and that a host of friends follow you with their best wishes for your success.

—The dime entertainment to be given by the ladies of Christ church at Lappin's hall, next Thursday evening promises to be of more than usual interest and will doubtless attract thither a large audience. The rector, Rev. A. L. Royce will open the exercises. Mr. H. A. Patterson and Mr. O. H. Fethers will render readings. Mrs. St. John, Miss Zeurcher, Miss Battles, Mrs. Moseley, Miss Wilson and Miss Stevens will participate in musical exercises. A male quartette will also furnish some choice music. At the close of the entertainment there will be given under the same auspices a dance in Apollo hall. The evening will no doubt be a highly entertaining one.

OLD PROB.

The thermometer at 7 o'clock this morning stood at 29 degrees above, and at 2 o'clock at 42 degrees above. Clear. One year ago to-day at corresponding hours the thermometer stood at 24 and 38 degrees above.

The indications are, rising followed by falling barometer, colder northerly winds, shifting to warmer southerly or easterly winds, and clear weather.

RETURN OF THE PRODIGAL.

Ed. McCanna, the Beloit prisoner who escaped from the gang while cleaning the streets in Janesville, has returned to Sheriff Colley and asked to join the gang again. He says he went to Iowa, but didn't like the country. They talked too freely about lynching and clubbed him around too enthusiastically. He knew no place where he could be better treated than in Janesville, and so returned to pick up his shovel again, and work out the rest of his fine. He gained a coat, somewhere in his trip, as when he run away he was in his shirt sleeves.

SALES OF TOBACCO.

Sales of seed leaf tobacco reported by J. S. Gans' Son & Co., No. 86 Wall street New York, for the week ending February 25, 1878:

400 cases '76 New England, 8 to 22c
100 cases '75 New England, 25 to 30c
58 cases '74, New England, pt
200 cases '76 Penn., 7½ to 30c
150 cases '76 State, 9 to 16c
100 cases '76 Ohio, 8½ to 10
50 cases '76 Wisconsin, 7½ to 8c
Total cases 1,058.

MME. RIVE-KING.

The final arrangements have been completed and it is now an established fact that Mme. Rive-King will appear in Janesville March 7. She will be accompanied by Miss Abbie Whinnery, of Boston. The simple announcement of this musical treat will doubtless be sufficient to draw together a large audience on that evening. It will be a treat which no music lover will fail to attend, and those who have secured it for Janesville deserve the thanks of the community. Further details will be announced in due time.

HORSE EMIGRANTS.

Another emigration of horse-flesh from Rock county took place this morning, it being the third lot that has been shipped from here for Minnesota trade during the winter. Messrs. Tolman and Carter shipped 15, which they had purchased of various parties in this vicinity, some of which were quite valuable. E. Childs also shipped 9, the objective point of both shipments being Rochester, Minn. There seems to be quite a demand for Rock county horses abroad, and farmers and stock men will doubtless increase this demand by paying more strict attention to breeding.

IMPROVING EACH OTHER.

The Mutual Improvement Club held an interesting meeting last evening, the programme being varied and the papers presented being entertaining and instructive.

Miss Hattie Brace read a very graceful and carefully prepared article on "Frithiofs Saga."

Mr. Stearns continued the discourse entered upon at the last meeting concerning the origin of life, the experiments made on ultra-microscopic germs and the germ theories of disease. It presented an interesting review of the tedious work done by scientists in their apparently fruitless search after the beginning of life, and contained some decidedly novel facts as to the results of their experiments.

Mrs. Jones read an entertaining review of Hawthorne's "House of Seven Gables" which embraced the leading points of that charming story, without, however, entering into much dissussion of its merits. After the paper had been read several present questioned and talked concerning the author and this work.

Mr. Burgess gave a paper on Thoreau's writings. It was decidedly spicy and Burgess like, and amusing, while at the same time it instructed the audience. Mr. Burgess was very enthusiastic over the subject of the sketch and ranked him next to Christ himself. He deemed the only salvation of the country to be a practical living up to the doctrines of human equality laid down by Thoreau.

The audience was not a large one but much interest was manifest, and the papers and discussions seemed to weary none.

THE GREATEST DICTIONARY OF MODERN TIMES.

The time has come when Webster's dictionary is no longer the standard in this country. Of late years a vast change has taken place in the general character of the leading dictionaries. Webster's is fast losing the hold it once had upon the scholars in this country, and Worcester's quarto, illustrated and unabridged, is becoming the acknowledged standard among the best literary men and the leading editors in the United States. Its etymologies have been always approved; and its definitions are simple and perspicuous in a degree far exceeding any precedent dictionary of the English language. It is but simple justice to say that Worcester's is the only American dictionary which deserves to be regarded as a standard of English orthography. This important and seemingly bold ground, is taken by many eminent scholars. Among the number who thus spoke of Worcester we may name Charlee Sumner, Edward Everett, Wm. Cullen Bryant, Geo. Bancroft, Alexander H. Stephens, Louis Agassiz, Oliver Wendell Holmes and other foremost scholars of the day. Such metropolitan journals as the New York Tribune, the Herald, the Evening Post, the Philadelphia Press, and a large number of prominence and ability, have decidedly pronounced in favor of Worcester because of its superiority to Webster in every essential particular.

The great publishing house of J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia, are now publishers of a complete series of Worcester dictionaries. The quarto dictionary is profusely illustrated, substantially bound, beautifully printed, and contains 1854 pages. Messrs. J. Sutherland & Sons, of this city, are the agents for Janesville and Rock county for this dictionary. The enterprise and reputation of the firm are doing much to advance the sale of Worcesters in this part of Wisconsin.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.

Abstract of real estate transfers recorded and reported by A. E. Morse, Rock County Abstract Office, Janesville, Wis.:

MONDAY, FEB. 18.

Barbro O Bardell to Ole Oleson Klice, 80 acres in sections 20 and 21, Spring Valley, date January 17, '78 225 00
A C Stewart, et al to Edward Ryan, 80 acres in section 22, Plymouth, date February 7, '78 1765 50
Estate Maryette Stuart to Edward Ryan, 10 acres in section 22, Plymouth, date February 7, '78 1331 33

TUESDAY, FEB. 19.

Jacob S Curtis &w to Edwin C Allen, 15 acres in section 6, La Prairie, date December 1, '75 2000 00
Sarah C Gurnsey, et al to Daniel Hart, 10 acres in section 26, Fulton, date October 29, '77 150 00
Levi Beers &w to Jacob B Hyzer, pt lot 60, Doe's addition, and pt block 1, Rockport, date February 16, '78 900 00

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 20.

E G Fifield &w to K F Randolph, a tot in the village of Evansville, date January 17, '78 400 00

THURSDAY, FEB. 21.

Richard R Lee &w to Mathias Oleson, 5 acres in section 13, Newark, date January 12, '78 150 00

SATURDAY, FEB. 23.

Howland V Grovestein to Marthia E Grovestein, und ½ lot 3, block 71, Beloit, date February 6, '78 925 00
Mary Meagher &his to Pat Kennevane, 120 acres in section 15, La Prairie, date February 20, '78 4000 00
Edward & Jane E Fellowes to George Fellowes, about 42 acres in section 3, Center, date March 21, '78 1750 00
Pliny Norcross, adm to Lucius Stuart, und 7-10 of 20 acres in section 22, Plymouth, date February 7, '78 434 00
Edwin C Allen &w to Abagail Dutton, 15 acres in section 6, La Prairie, date February 20, '78 225 00
O F Wallihan &w to John F Litel, about 7 acres in section 4, Plymouth, date February 20, '78 41513

ATTENTION, ODD FELLOWS!

There will be a special meeting this evening of Rock River Encampment No. 8, I. O. O. F., after the session of No. 90, to consider the uniform question.

FRANK A. LAWRENCE, C. P.

February 26, 1878.

Never Better,

Unquestionably, in purity and healthfulness, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder takes the lead of any other in the United States. Messrs. Steele & Price, the manufacturers, believe that all articles used in food should be strictly pure and wholesome.

ALBION.

—Prof. Cornwall, in company with six or eight young men, went to Koshkonong Lake in search of Indian relics. They opened three mounds, finding eight skeletons, a bowl in a bad state of preservation, arrow heads, etc. The head of one skeleton was only about one foot below the surface.

—Last Friday the mail carrier came through on horseback.

—The Kumlien Society has purchased for their hall one of Bailey's light spreading, silvered reflector chandaliers. It is the first of the kind in the place.

—The other day when it was raining, a farmer living some two miles north of here, was seen to pass the store of E. L. Burdick, en route for Edgerton, with a load of hogs. He was only gone about five minutes when he was seen wending his way slowly through the mud towards home. At the time of writing the hogs are enjoying peace and quiet in their old quarters.

—The people on the Prairie are working hard to get a cheese factory established on the four corners near H. Humphrey's.

—Persons wishing to take the Gazette can have it sent to their address one year by leaving $2.00 with T. B. Collins, at the post office.

—The present term of school closes Wednesday, March 13.

—The regular appointment for services at the Seventh Day Baptist church was postponed last Sabbath in anticipation of attending the quarterly meeting at Milton. The roads were so bad that but few attended.

—Elder Hull has been assisting Elder Wardner in conducting revival meetings at Milton Junction.

—Elverton Palmiter who went to Alfred, N. Y., last fall, is now in Ohio, netting pigeons.

MILTON.

—The Seventh-Day Baptist church was crowded to overflowing, last Wednesday evening, by the patrons and friends of the Graded school, who braved the darkness and mud for the laudable purpose of patronizing the entertainment which the teachers and pupils had prepared for their edification. The programme was lengthy, and embraced vocal music, declamations and colloquies. The exercises were all excellent and carefully prepared, and it would be unjust to particularize where each participant did so well. Miss Emma Barden rendered two solos during the evening in a charming manner, which added much to the pleasure of the audience. The receipts of the evening amounted to eighteen dollars and will be used in purchasing pictures for the school rooms. Great credit is due Misses McCraken and Johnson for their labors in arranging and presenting these exercises, and to the scholars for their efforts in making them a success.

—The steam mill did a good day's work last Tuesday, grinding sixteen thousand pounds of feed in ten hours and ground it very fine at that. Mr. Lane can grind over a ton an hour if he wishes to rush business.

—Last Wednesday's rain was a blessing in disguise, for it filled empty cisterns and made the house-wives happy.

—The rowdies will begin to realize pretty soon that the people who patronize entertainments in this village, do not propose to allow their enjoyment to be marred by loafers, possessed of neither good sense nor manners. The people are awakened on this subject, and good results are already apparent.

—A. C. Blake, who has been stopping at Nashville, Tennessee, for some time past, presenting the "Royal Path of Life" to the notice of his Southern brethren, is in town again.

—R. Richardson, after enjoying a two months' vacation with his family in this village, left for Chicago last week, to assume his duties as a traveler for the millinery house of Gage Bro's & Co.

—Rev. James Bailey and Supervisor Rogers visited Chicago last week on business.

—The Madison Democrat, of Tuesday, has the following note: "The best storyteller in town now is M. D. L. Fuller, of Plymouth, Wis., a young attorney of winning grace."

—Mr. M. W. Crumb is quite ill again, and Mrs. Davis is not expected to live the week out.

—Farmers who have contracted to deliver wood are unable to do so, an empty wagon being load enough for anybody's team.

—The south side harness maker has been turning out some nobby harness lately.

—Mr. Briggs, of Mauston, was in town last Thursday, visiting his son who is attending college.

—Clark's goose hangs high, over Williams' desk, and is a cute contrivance for weighing letters.

—Tobacco buyers were in town last week representing Chicago and St. Louis. They were in want of old tobacco and offered 6 cents for '73 and '74 crops.

—Two car loads of live hogs were shipped from this section last week. Waterman, Smith and Palmeter and J. C. Davidson being the shippers. The ruling price during the week was $3.50, the market closing dull.

—Mr. E. B. Saunders and wife, of Janesville, were in town last Saturday and their Milton friends took pleasure in tendering the new made man and wife hearty congratulations and best wishes for future happiness and prosperity.

—The quarterly meeting of the Seventh Day Baptists of Southern Wisconsin was in session at the church here last Friday and Saturday. Owing to the condition of the roads but few from abroad were in attendance. Sermons were presented by Rev. E. M. Dunn, on Friday evening, Rev. O. U. Whitford, Saturday morning, and Rev. V. Hull, Saturday afternoon. On Sunday the ministerial conference held a meeting at which time the following exercises were presented: Introductory sermon on "Regeneration," by Rev. O. U. Whitford, of Walworth; essay, "Distinctive differences between the Seventh Day Adventists and the Seventh Day Baptists," by V. Hull, of Albion.

—Seventh Day Baptist social this, Thursday, evening at the residence of A. C. Stannard. Some interesting and novel attractions will be presented.

—Persons who receive the first number of the College Journal, are earnestly requested to become subscribers, at once and help on the good work.

—The meeting, called to consider the feasibility of starting a cheese factory or creamery here, at Hamilton's hall Saturday evening was not as largely attended as it would have been had the weather and roads been favorable. T. A. Howe acted as chairman. Mr. Orledge, of Kenosha, representing the Kenosha Milk Pan Company, was present and addressed the meeting at length upon the creamery question. A letter was read from Mr. Boice, the leading butter manufacturer of Illinois, showing the profits of the butter business. On motion Messrs. Goodrich, Ball and Alexander were appointed a committee to ascertain how many cows could be secured for a cheese factory or creamery. The meeting adjourned to meet two weeks from that evening at the same place.

—Washington's birthday was not commemorated in Milton to any extent.

—Farmers in this locality will sow a large acreage of wheat this spring, as compared with former years, should the season be favorable.

—W. W. Brown returned from Iowa last Friday where he bought a farm. It is located in Kossuth county, and is partially improved.

—Weaver & Dyer are building a new barn for John Alexander, and the structure is well under way. People down east who used to think that Wisconsin winters were like those of Greenland, should note the fact that buildings are put up in this State in the month of February.

—Farmers in this locality are selling cows at $25 to $35, with a cheese factory project staring them in the face.

—The people here with but few exceptions think the passage of the silver bill will not produce any very noticeable effect on the credit of the nation, owing to the limited coinage clause. The hard money men don't like the measure, but will not complain much if the soft money party will be satisfied with the present bill.

—State Superintendent Whitford presented the graded school with six handsome mottoes for adorning the school room, last week.

—Prof. A. A. Miller, of Waukesha, was in town last Friday enjoying G. W's birthday.

—At the commencement exercises of Hahnemann Medical College, which occurred last Thursday, Mr. E. S. Bailey, of this place, was among the graduates. He was the valedictorian of the class, and the Chicago Tribune says that his valedictory was very able and elaborate.

—John L. Fuller, agent of the American Express Company at Eau Claire, arrived in town last Friday and visited his parents.

—Milton Division Sons of Temperance will celebrate their third anniversary by an open session, at the Divison room, Saturday evening next. The public are cordially invited.

—Prof. Searing writes from Marietta, Ga., that he hopes to be back home March 2d, and to resume his labors in Milton College at the beginning of the spring term. He intends at that time to move his family to this place and to continue, in connection with his duties as professor of Greek in the College, his work upon his publications. He says: "I have enjoyed my visit here, so far, very much, and have visited, and pretty thoroughly inspected, the large school for colored people, Fisk University, in Nashville, and have made a rapid run through the fine building of Vanderbilt University. I shall soon visit Atlanta, and look in upon the negro university there. The question of the future of these negroes interests me, and I am studying their condition and prospects as well as I am able." He further says that "The people at Marietta appear friendly, and society here is as intelligent and refined as in any place of its size in the North. It is, however, probably exceptionably good here, inasmuch as Marietta is a summer resort for well-to-do people from the coast, and also to a less extent a winter resort for Northern invalids and pleasure seekers. Several Northerners besides my brother and myself, are now here."

CITY NOTICES

Ladies' Box Stationery.

The largest and best assortment in the city, containing one quire of paper and twenty-five envelopes, at prices ranging from thirteen cents up; two boxes for twenty-five cents. For a good supply of stationery call at Sutherland's bookstore, No. 29 Main street, Janesville.

Lost a pair of steel bow spectacles and patent tin case. The finder will please leave same at this office.

LOCAL MATTERS

The Colonnade Hotel, Philadelphia, Pa., exhibits the secret of its great popularity and success by wisely maintaining its old standard of excellence since its reduction of rates. 25d1w

Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all other diseases of the lungs and chest, are readily cured by Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup, a remedy which never fails to give satisfaction. Price only 25 cents. Sold by E. B. Heimstreet. 2-25daw1w

Children cry for Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup. It is the most pleasant preparation for Coughs and Colds known, and perfectly harmless. Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold by E. B. Heimstreet. daw

Ladies will find the Brazilian Brilliant Metal Polish the best thing for cleaning metals and glass. For plated ware it is unequaled. A. J. Roberts, H. C. Stearns, Croft & Sherer sell it.

Dunbar's Wonderful Discovery.—Bethesda Water, the acknowledged cure of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney Affections of all natures and kinds, Dropsy, Incontinence of Urine, Bilious Affections, Dyspepsia and Gouty Swellings. E. B. HEIMSTREET, Sole Agent for this City. jy7d1y

Our Changeful Climate

Makes a reliable remedy for Throat and Lung Disorders necessary in every household. Parker's Ginger Tonic is just the medicine needed. It radically cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and even Consumption, if used in time, by its powerful specific action on the Stomach, Kidneys, Skin, Liver, and mucous surfaces of the Throat and Lungs. In this natural way it cleanses the waste matters from the blood, builds up the tissues, fortifies the system against further attacks, and permanently allays inflammations of the Throat, Lungs, and other organs. It cures Dyspepsia, and its varied symptoms of Headache, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Wakefulness, Acid Stomach, Costiveness, Liver Complaints, Coated Tongue, Low Spirits, Rheumatic Pains, etc., and gives comfort after a hearty meal. Buy a $1.00 bottle from your druggist, A. J. Roberts, Janesville, Wis., or a sample bottle at 15 cts., and test its extraordinary merits. jan2deow-22weowtapr2

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

A Good Girl Wanted

None other need apply. Inquire at Carle's grocery, Milwaukee street. 2-26d2daw1t

Mrs. R. S. Noon

Begs leave to announce that she has now located in Janesville, No. 23 Main street, and will continue to give instruction in

ELOCUTION!

with special attention to Vocal Culture. Private lessons if desired. 2-26d1w

WANTED!

5 or 7 teams of

Good Farm Horses for Cash.

Sorrels preferred. Apply from 12 to 4, March 1st to 3d. HERMAN CLAUSEN, 2-26d1w Clute farm, Afton.

FOR SALE CHEAP

Three Silver Bar Show Cases, Desk, and two self feeding Stoves. Apply in the MILLINERY STORE, 2-26d2daswlt 19 Main street, Janesville.

Petit Jurors.

OFFICE OF CLERK CIRCUIT COURT, Rock County, Wis., Feb. 26, 1878.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 12th day of March next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at my office in the city of Janesville, in said county, the Petit Jurors for the April term of said court, for the year 1878, will be drawn in the manner provided by law. A. W. BALDWIN, 2-26d1waw2w Clerk.

Dissolution.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Clough & Frederick, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by Nicholas Frederick, at the old stand and all parties indebted to the old firm are invited to call and settle the same.

C. F. P. CLOUGH, NICHOLAS FREDERICK.

Janesville, Feb. 25, 1878. 2-26d1w

Milwaukee Grain Market.

MILWAUKEE, February 25

Flour—Quiet but unchanged

Wheat—Steady; opened ⅝c higher and closed firm; No 1 Milwaukee hard 1 13¼; No 1 Milwaukee 1 12½; No 2 do 1 09½; February 1 08¾; March 1 08¾; April 1 09⅝; No 3 Milwaukee 1 02¾

CORN—No 2 42½@44c.
OATS—No 2 25½c.
RYE—No 1 54⅛@55c.
BARLEY—No 2 spring 55@56c
PORK—mess 10 20@10 65 cash
LARD—prime steam 7 30; kettle 7 62½
CATTLE—Range at 2 50 to 5 00, according to quality and grade.
DRESSED HOGS—4 30@4 35
SHEEP—Range at 2 00 to 5 00 according to condition and weight.
SEEDS—Timothy 1 05@1 15; flax 1 26@1 30; clover 3 90@4 00
BEANS—1 20@1 50
BUTTER—Ranges from 10 to 22c.
EGGS—10@11c fresh.
CHEESE—13@14c.
HONEY—9@16c.
WOOL—Washed 35@38c; unwashed 23@25, tub washed 36@38; pulled 26@29.
TALLOW—7¼@8.
HOPS—New 5@7c, old 4@5c

The Minneapolis, Minn., Lumberman, of a recent date, contains the following remarks: "The condition of the trade is interesting to all parties concerned, not so much on account of any changes as in the fact that it is new in the history of the lumber business. The probable possibility of the making the reciprocity treaty with Canada by which lumber would be admitted free of duty, and the fact that they can supply an unlimited quantity, makes holders nervous and buyers timid with the conceded fact that there will be but half a crop got out in the northwest. The fact that 600,000,000 feet of old logs are hung up on the waters of the Mississippi liable to be floated by spring rains, also has a tendency to make all hands weak. Clinton made an advance last week, and Stillwater price lists are now the same as Minneapolis, where some discussion is being made as to the propriety of another dollar rise. Stocks are reported diminishing more rapidly than has ever been known in February at all the principal points."

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, February 25

During the afternoon the markets were largely attended, and trading was rather animated

Wheat—The market on spring wheat—This cereal was both strong and steady to-day. Not much disposition was manifested by the trade to branch out, yet the feeling was comparatively healthy, and former prices were well sustained. Cash grain was a shade easier, but for the different options the closing quotations were pretty much the same as on the last report. The receipts, considering the poor traveling in the country, continue fair; the shipments largely in excess of an average amount for this season, and all the local surroundings rather favor holders.—Prices, however, are still dependant on European events, and will be effected for the present more by the war developments than by any home influence or influences. Cash No 2 closed at 1 09¾ for gilt edg receipts

The latest report on No 2 spring wheat was steady and fairly active; seller March sold at 1 07⅞@1 08, and closed at 1 07⅞@1 08; seller April sold at 1 08@1 08½, and closed with buyers at 1 08½

CORN—42½@42½ cash;
OATS—26¼@26½c, cash;
RYE—No 2, 55
BARLEY—New No 2, 46½c
PORK—cash $10 30@10 32½
LARD—cash 7 27½
DRESSED HOGS—$4 35
LIVE HOGS—3 90@4 08 according to grade.
WHISKY—1 08
CHEESE—11½@14½
EGGS—Fresh 12@12½c.
BUTTER—12@37, according to quality
POULTRY—turkeys 8@9c.; chickens at 2 @2 50 per dozen.
TALLOW—8½ No 1
BEANS—$1 90@2
BROOM CORN—6½@7c, according to quality
WOOL—Washed 40@42; unwashed 23@25; tub washed, fair to good, 37@41

The Northwestern Lumber of the 17th inst. publishes the following tables and the appended remarks about the lumber production, and other matters of interest:

LUMBER MANUFACTURED.

	1877	1876	1875
Manistee	148,983,152	146,424,206	160 895,855
Ludington	105,328,873	104,723,917	94,800,000
Whitehall and Montague	82,420,000	79,600,000	64,000 000
Muskegon	327,325,100	306,334,000	330,400,000
Spring Lake & Grand Haven	80,805,871	58,500,000	83,100,100
Miscellaneous mills	68,923,000	66,069,000	76,480,000
Total	813,786,000	751,642,123	809,605,955

LUMBER ON HAND.

	1877	1876	1875
Manistee	15,076,063	13,929,150	10,165,428
Ludington	4,600,000	400,000	150,000
Whitehall and Montague	5,700,000	700,000	2,100,000
Muskegon	27,551,000	11,605,000	14,100,000
Spring Lake & Grand Haven	32,212,107	39,500,000	21,150,000
Miscellaneous mills	17,432,000	18,759,000	9,185,000
Total	102,572,130	84,893,150	59,850,428

LOGS ON HAND.

	1877	1876	1875
Manistee	20,857,737	42,400,000	44,599,071
Ludington	17,400,000	11,100,000	14,400,000
Whitehall and Montague	800,00	500,000	500,000
Muskegon	15,875,000	19,350,000	9,900,000
Spring Lake & Grand Haven	8,535,200	6,435,000	20,000,000
Miscellaneous mills	5,129,000	8,350,000	14,532,000
Total	68,096,943	88,135,000	104,231,071

TOTAL LUMBER AND LOGS ON HAND.

	1877	1876	1875
Manistee	35,434,700	56,329,150	54,764,499
Ludington	22,000,000	11,500,000	14,550,000
Whitehall and Montague	6,500,000	1,200,000	2,600,000
Muskegon	43,426,000	30,000,000	24,000,000
Spring Lake & Grand Haven	40,747,373	45,935,000	44,450,000
Miscellaneous mills	22,561,000	27,109,000	23,717,0.0
Total	170,669,073	173 028,150	164,081,499

The exhibit above given shows that the product of this section was considerably larger for 1877 than the year previous, though as compared with 1873 it does not appear excessive. The total capacity of the mills from which reports are given is 1,010,500,000 feet, only about 80 per cent. of which was utilized in the past year. For various reasons some of the mills are either unable to run at all or cut only a portion of what they are capable of, every year, hence it never happens that the full limit of production is reached. This in the light of past experience of the trade may be set down as eminently fortunate.

The steady increase in the amount of lumber carried over at the mills in the last three years, tells a most significant story. It proves that the practice of seasoning stock at the mills and selling it directly to dealers is growing rapidly in favor among manufacturers, and foreshadows the time when the Chicago cargo market will present but a tithe of its present importance. A number of the larger operators have adopted the system during the past year, and before the close of 1878 it is likely that many more will follow their example. The quantity of logs held over is considerably less than for the two previous years.

New York Grain and Produce Market

NEW YORK, February 25

Flour—Dull and easier on trade brands; shipping extras in light demand at 5 00 bid for lines delivered, with 5 15 asked, and hence only small lots were sold; rye flour dull

Wheat—The first call was without sales on 'Change, and there were very few bids at anything over 1 24 for Chicago and No 2 New York; Chicago No 2 held at 1 26, with no sales, said to be obtainable at the close at 1 25, as well as Milwaukee No 2 at 1 27; sales of options were light

COTTON—Memphis quotation 10⅝
CORN—51@54½c western:
OATS—35@36; 36@38 white western
RYE—western 71
BARLEY—65
PORK—11 00@11 25 mess
LARD—7 60.
WHISKY—1 09
SUGAR—firm but quiet; refined 9½@9⅞c
MOLASSES—New Orleans 25@48
PETROLEUM—7¼ crude; refined 12½c.
LEATHER—firm.
WOOL—domestic fleece 32@55; pulled 18@42; Texas 14@32; unwashed 10@30.

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C. W. KIBBEE, Adjuster.

E. W. LOWELL,
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Insurance, Loan and Real Estate Agents.

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JEWETT WILCOX, Manager. JAMES COUCH, Proprietor

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Respectfully,
JEWETT WILCOX, Manager.
Chicago, 1877.